



Knowledge organiser: Homes and houses

Noun Bank: Rooms in the house

une maison- a house
une chambre- a bedroom
une cuisine – the kitchen
une salle de bains- a bathroom
une salle à manger- a dining room
un salon- a lounge
un jardin- a garden



Noun Bank : Objects in the house

une table – a table
un fauteuil– an arm chair
une porte – a door
une fenêtre – a window
un lit – a bed
un tapis – a rug



Phonics

“**on**” (maisonon, salonon)
 “**euil**” (fauteuil)
 “**a**” (salle, salon, table, tapis)



Grammar

In French, when we use '**la**' or '**le**', we're referring to something specific.
 For example, '**la cuisine**' means 'the kitchen' (we know exactly which one we're talking about).

When we want to talk about something nonspecific, we use '**une**' or '**un**'. For instance, '**une cuisine**' means 'a kitchen' (it could be any kitchen).

To switch between '**une/un**' and '**le/la**', follow this rule:

- Change '**une**' to '**la**'.
- Change '**un**' to '**le**'.

Grammar

We use “**il y a** ...” in French to mean both “There is....” and “There are”

Grammar

Adjectives (masculine/feminine)

petit/petite – small
grand/grande – big
beau/belle – beautiful
vieux/vieille – old
lumineux/ lumineuse – bright
utile – useful
moderne – modern
confortable – comfortable



Grammar

Some adjectives change the spelling to match the noun:

La cuisine est **petite**.
 La chambre est **moderne**.
 Le salon est **beau**.
 Le lit est **confortable**.